When we join ourselves to the gold standard; when we make gold alone the legal tender for the payment of debts, we con-

Europe and make ourselves dependent on

their conditions for our prosperity. You

tell me it is a sound system. It is false;

that system is not sound. Tell me it is

ing political parties demanded a double standard, differing only in the method of

obtaining it. Now, the Republican party in-

sists upon a single standard and a bill is

pending in Congress which not only seeks

that end, but also endeavors to perpetually

TRUSTS AND IMPERIALISM.

the trusts he passed to a discussion of the

standing army, and declared that the pres-

ence of 100,000 soldiers in this country and

the Philippines is but a step towards mili-

tarism. He then discussed imperialism, ar-

guing that there was a great difference

lem of the Philippines from the point of

commerce, civilization and religion, and

cited the result of the English govern-

would be accomplished in the Philippines.

"You cannot find an argument," said he

"for the permanent housing of the Philip

and the rights of the Filipinos. Did God

say that the Cubans were entitled to their

freedom, but not the Filipinos? No, m

friends, there is only one difference be

tween Cuba and the Philippine islands. We

promised independence to Cuba; we did not

promise it to the Philippine islands. But,

ognition of a right that would have ex-

isted without the promise. We said that

Cuba should, and of right ought to be free

and if that was right, then, my friends,

it existed in the Philippine islands with-

out the necessity for the express promise

"I want," said Mr. Bryan, in conclusion

"if I can, to help to restore a government

founded upon the Declaration of Independ

ence and administered according to th

tween a bank aristocracy and the peopl

But, my friends, I cannot tell you what

fate has decreed. I cannot tell you whether

old places, and raise again the ancien

landmarks which the fathers had set up

cannot tell, but I know this, that if

destiny that this, the greatest republi

the old world, if in the providence of God

How Bryan Straddles Expansion.

Times from Washington says: "William

am advocating to-day exactly what I did

the permanent retention of the Philippines.

the Filipinos on the same terms that in-

should protect the Filipinos from outside

interference while they work out their

republics. I am not opposed to expansion

Each proposed annexation must be settled

upon its own merits. I have tried to dis-

tinguish between the peaceful extension of

NEW POLITICAL ORGANIZATION.

League Formed.

principles of the Republican party, its abil-

Pingree Will Oppose Ferry.

candidate for re-election on an independent

ticket. Governor Pingree declares that Mr.

Ferry is not in accord with taxation re-

four years, and bases his objection to him

A Democratic Victory.

KNOXVILLE, Tenn., Jan. 20.-The

municipal election in Knoxville to-day re-

sulted in the election of S. H. Haskell, Democrat, over George W. Henderson, In-

dependent. The entire Democratic ticket

Bergen and His Victims Buried.

NORTH BROOKFIELD, Mass., Jan. 20,-

catcher, and three members of his family,

Florida and Cuba.

Route and Southern Railway, 24 hours Cin-

The funeral of Martin Bergen, the baseball

as a candidate on this fact.

was elected.

cide, took place to-day.

a republic into an Empire."

commerce and industries.

Haigh, assistant treasurer.

signed from the army, Dec. 13, 1898.

is fate that this Nation is to cease to be

a republic, and become an empire, if it is

standard countries of the old world.'

been President.

that it was expansion.

### Our Great Choice of the House Sale of Men's Suits and Overcoats Still Goes

# THE BOYS

Are Not Left

Fair to-day and to-morrow.

A large variety of School and Vestee Knee Pants Suits. that sold at \$6.00 to \$8.00 \$4.98

What's left of Boys' doublebreasted Knee Pants Suits, that sold at \$4.50 and \$5-\$3.98 choice. .....\$3.98 Mothers will be glad.

When Clothing Co. 30 to 40 North Pennsylvania St.

# TWO BROTHERS LYNCHED

See Windows.

GEORGE SIBLEE AND ED MEEKS HANGED BY A KANSAS MOB.

Latter Defied His Executioners and Ordered His Companion to Die Game-Jail Battered.

FORT SCOTT, Kan., Jan. 20 .- George Silbee and Ed Meeks, half brothers, who were convicted of murder early in the week, were lynched by a mob in the county jail yard here to-night. At a late hour their from Valdes, completing the first winter in a special car attached to the Pennsylyard, the authorities having been so completely surprised that no effort has been made to remove the ghastly evidence of the mob's work.

The two men, who came from Kansas City, had been convicted of murder in the first degree, they having killed a young German farmer named Leopold Edlinger. October last. The murderers disposed of Edlinger's pair of mules, one horse and a it is the intention of the government to ex- from Washington were Senator Tillman, wagon in Missouri. Amos Phillips. accomplice of the two brothers, was convicted yesterday of murder in the first degree. The evidence showed that three men belonged to a gang of thieves who had been regularly disposing of their plunder in Bates county.

The lynching was the work of a mob that began gathering in the vicinity of the county jail soon after dark, but the purpose of the assembling crowd seems not to have been suspected until the jail was attacked. A barb-wire trocha, that had been previously built around the jail, was borne down, the heavy doors leading to the prison were battered in, and when the mob came howling out of the jail with its intended victims the place looked as if it had been wrecked by dynamite.

George Silbee, the older of the two brothers, defled his captors until the last. He placed the noose around his own neck and died cursing the crowd. Just as he was being hanged he turned to his brother with an oath and commanded him to "die game." The brother obeyed, maintaining an outward calm until he was jerked into the air. Before this Silbee had shouted to the mob in defiant tones that he himself shot Edlinger, and that Amos Phillips struck him on the head with an ax. He insisted that his brother, Ed, did not participate

"Be sure and get Phillips," the doomed man urged. Then, shouting to his tormentors, he bade them, with a curse, to string him up. The malice manifested toward the accomplice, Phillips, was probably due to the fact that Phillips, soon after his arrest, made a full confession of the crime, though when he was put upon the stand he repudiated this earlier confession.

Ed Meeks was equally fearless in the face of the mob, but he did not manifest the spirit or bravery shown by his brother. His last words were: "Hang me if you will, but I did not help kill Edlinger. George shot him and Phillips struck him with an ax. I did--'

The doomed man got no further in his by the feet, others drew the noose around his neck, throwing the loose end over a

When finally satisfied with their vengeance upon the two brothers, the leaders of the mob went to the jail in search of Philipps. In the meantime the jail keepers had secreted him in a room in the rear of the structure and when the lynchers came back they were told Philipps had been hurried away. After a brief search the lynchers seemed satisfied with this explanation and left the scene, thus sparing the life of the third murderer. Philipps will probably be taken out of the city. There is some question as to the old man's

sanity. The direct cause of the lynching was a vicious attack by Silbee and Meeks on favor the propagation of infectious dis-Deputy Sheriff Behmer, when the latter went to their cell to-night to inspect the Behmer then discovered that the of the cell door. He entered the cage to 9, and six deaths. remove the prisoners into another cell, and as he did so was felled by Silbee with an iron bar which the prisoners had secreted. Other deputies came to Behmer's rescue and in the scrimmage fired several shots at the convicts. One bullet took effect in Silbee's leg. This shooting attracted a crowd. Wild stories of the assault were soon in circulation among the crowd gathered around the jail and it only required the few leaders who came later to incite the gathering to vengeance. After the assault on Deputy Behmer, Silbee and Meeks were shackled and the irons were still on them as they were swung to their death.

## COL. COLSON INDICTED.

Charged with the Murder of Ethelbert Scott and L. W. Demarce.

FRANKFORT, Ky., Jap. 20.-The grand ury to-day indicted ex-Representative Fourth Kentucky Regiment, for murder or two counts. The first charges the willful nurder of Lieutenant Ethelbert Scott, one principals in Tuesday's triple other bystander. Colson's attorneys will

legal services in Colson's defense are Rep- to-day praying for peace with the United little thing like a funeral does not bother miles shortest line. Low rates now in ef- stuff.

Tesentatives Balley, of Texas; Clayton, of States."

Alabama, Houck, of Tennessee, and Attorney General A. P. Mynett, of Tennessee. Colonel Colson's friends expected only a manslaughter case. The weapons used by the combatants were turned over to the court. Colson's mail from all over the country, from Washington city, Kentucky

NEW MAIL ROUTE IN ALASKA.

business interests in Kentucky and Ten-

Carrier Holcomb Completes a Hazardous Winter Trip of 430 Miles.

Dawson report that United States Mail- of the Democratic central committee. trip as carrier of government mail, a distance of 430 miles. Holcomb said he had a lington at 5 p. m., accompanied by a perilous voyage. He encountered many committee under the leadership of S. S. hardships and during the trip ten of his twelve horses died or had to be killed. He were employed constructing cabins for mail | 6:15 p. m., the party drove to the Eutaw stations-one every twenty miles. From now on the department hopes to give nonthly mail service between Valdes and Eagle. One consignment of mail has al- was the guest at a banquet given in his ready come out over the new route. From the coast terminus of the trail a telephone line extends seventy-five miles inland and tend the line through the Yukon next sum-

### ISTORY OF THE PLAGUE

INTERESTING BROCHURE SENT TO TREASURY DEPARTMENT.

Effective Sanitation an Almost Certain Preventive-Two Curative Agents Are Known and Used.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 20 .- An interesting and valuable brochure, giving a complete history of the bubonic plague, together with means which have been adopted for its prevention, has been prepared and made public by Surgeon General Wyman, of the Marine Hospital Service. The opinion is expressed that in the light of experience in other parts of the world it seems reasonable to believe that even were the disease introduced here its spread would be very limited in cities where the sanitary conditions are good, and where precautions as to the isolation of patients and the segregation of those exposed to infection should and would be practiced. The death rate varies in different epidemics and is estimated at from 50 to 90 per cent. There is a variation also according to nationalities. Chinese seemingly being the most susceptible. Dr. Wyman expresses the opinion that the quarantine methods of the United States are well adapted to meet emergencies, though the national laws should be strengthened. In a letter submitting the matter to the secretary of the

"From the facts set forth in the article it is obvious that the greatest care must be exercised in the inspection at quarantine of vessels, even though they hail from noninfected ports, for they may carry passengers, crew, stowaways or merchandise from plague-infected districts. With great care in inspection and enforcement of other regulations at domestic ports, supple mented by the information conveyed by nedical officers of the service in foreign ports and their surveillance over vessels, it is hoped that no case of plague will be admitted. But should this misfortune occur the observations detailed in the article show that energetic sanitary measures may be made to avail, while we have in the curative serum and the Haffkine prophylactine additional and effective weapons in preventing the spread of the disease. While these facts are encouraging in character, it should not be forgotten that the epidemic is surely, though slowly extending, and that for the first time in history it has now invaded the western hemisphere. The necessity, therefore, of espe-cial vigilance has been and is still being impressed upon quarantine officers by the bureau, and of equal importance is the provision which should be made by municipalities, especially those on the seaboard. to correct immediately unsanitary conditions which are now so well known to

The State Department has been informed by United States Agent Haywood, at Honolulu, that there have been five cases of bubonic plague since the last report, Jan.

Surgeon General Wyman has dispatched 1.500 bottles of Haffkine prophylactine to Honolulu and the same quantity to Manila. This fluid has been used as a plague preventive in India and has proved quite effective. He has also sent a quantity of curative serum to Honolulu.

## NO FIELD FOR AMERICANS.

Ex-Consul Williams on Mercantile Opportunities in the Orient.

NEW YORK, Jan. 20 .- Oscar F. Williams,

exconsul at Manila, speaking last night of the mercantile opportunities open in the Orient, said: "To be candid with the American people, and especially the American investor, I must express the opinion that development along commercial lines in the Philippines is not likely to attract Amerital of European states. It is easy for if those who have been shirking their chain of enterprises and establish an tion forever, want to tell them that the far from home to one with whom you could amended as to specificany authorize an not daily confer. Our young men are well employed at home and get better wages nine judges can build a bulwark around than the Europeans in the Orient. If we the fortunes of the great and throw the send young men abroad they are likely to burdens of government on the poor. be those whom the business men of New York have not put their hands on and going to speak of another question which heard on the killing of Charles Julian, the | marked par excellence. In regard to the shows how the Republican party is lookopen door the world recognizes that wher- ing after the interests of wealth and negever our flag floats justice has been or- lecting the welfare of the people. I am on Monday ask for bail and Colson may dained to exist. There is no more fear for going to say a word on the money questhe commerce of other nations in the tion. I know they say that the money cinnati to Jacksonville, is a vestibuled lim-Philippine island than in Boston or New question is a dead issue, but, my friends, ited train, through to Florida without

THE COLONEL IS RECEIVED ENTHU-SIASTICALLY BY SILVERITES.

But Sound-Money Democrats Refuse to Attend Either the Public Meeting or the Banquet Later.

BRYAN REVAMPS OLD IDEAS

REPEATS HIS ANCIENT DECLARA-TION OF INDEPENDENCE JOKE,

and Modestly Declares He Owes Something to the Privates in His Party-New Organization.

BALTIMORE, Md., Jan. 20 .- The Hon. William J. Bryan delivered an address here to-night on the political questions of the day, to an audience which filled Music Hall, the largest auditorium in the city, to its full capacity, and which greeted him and his remarks with the greatest enthuand Tennessee, is very heavy. Many so-ciety women have written him words of siasm. The meeting was held under the sympathy. Some are strangers. Colson is a bachelor and largely interested in auspices of the Maryland Democratic Association, one of the free silver wings of auction block, and sell him for all the the Democratic party of the State, and trade of the universe. [Applause.] And yet was not encouraged in any manner by the regular Democratic organization. In fact the latter held strictly aloof from the affair. They made no effort to discourage it in any manner, but not one of the Democratic leaders appeared on the platform and an offer of stage tickets was po-SEATTLE, Wash., Jan. 20 .- Advices from litely declined by the principal members

vania Railroad train which leaves Wash-Field, chairman of the committee of arhad a working force of eleven men, who rangements. On reaching the city about House for supper, after which they went to Music Hall. After Bryan's address he honor by his admirers in this city and vicinity. With the party who came over of South Carolina, Representatives Sulzer, of New York, Richardson, of Tennessee, Jones of Virginia and De Armond, of Missouri. It was nearly 8 o'clock when the party reached the hall, where the crowd greeted Mr. Bryan uproarlously. Mr. Bry-

> "I want to assure you in the beginning that my happiness does not depend on any honor which the people of this Nation can confer, neither do I believe that this Nation's happiness or welfare depends on any one person. As in politics as in the army, the generals get the glory and the privates do the work. And therefore I feel that I owe it to those who for nearly four years have been bearing the burden in the heat of the day; I owe it to them to say that what I have done is but an atom compared with what they have done.

THE CHICAGO PLATFORM. "In 1896 the voters proved that they could control the policy of the party and during the last three years they have proven that they could hold what they gained in 1896 in spite of newspapers, in spite of railroads, in spite of banks and in spite of every influence supposed to obtain, the plain people of the Democratic party have stood and now stand for the Chicago platform, in all that it says. I want to begin with an accepted proposithat proposition which I consider most fundamental in government. I find it in the Declaration of Independence-if you will pardon me or quoting from that old and outworn document, as our Republican

friends seem to think .. is. "The Declaration of Independence was once a highly respected document; it is under a cloud just now, but I have confidence that in a few months the clouds will be rolled by and that old document will shine with all its brightness. That fundamental principal is that all men are created equal. I do not mean to say that all men are created equal in physical strength; I do not mean to say that all men are created equal in mental ability or in moral worth, or that under any just form of government a man will be equal in capacity for enjoyment, or in the enjoyment that we have. What I mean to say is this: That whenever government comes into contact with the citizens. whenever the citizen touches the government, then all must stand equal before the law and the.e must be no high, no low, no rich, no poor. That government must be administered according to the maxim of Jefferson: 'Equal

rights to all and special privileges to "I am going to ask the Republicans here line with that doctrine of equal rights to all and special privileges to none. How do we collect our federal taxes to-day? Well. before the Spanish war broke out, we collected almost the entire tax from two sources-from internal revenue duties on liquor and tobacco and import duties on what we eat and wear and use. In what proportion do the people pay these taxes? in proportion to the benefits received from the government? Not at all. In proportion to property? Not at all. In proportion to income? Not at all. In what proportion do people pay internal enue taxes? Why, largely in portion to the liquor and tobacco they use. They do not use those thing in proportion to their income, and so far as you collect taxes from liquor and tobacco, you make the poor man pay on an average a larger percentage of his income to support the government and the rich man a smaller

percentage on his income. W. J. SAYS WE PAY THE TAX. "When the Spanish war broke out we had to have more taxes and the Republican party looked around for any old thing to put a stamp on, and you run across the stamp taxes all the time. Every time I send a telegram. I have to pay the regular | the best of authority that he has said to | parties. It was not the better class of men rate, and in addition thereto 1 cent is his friends that he did not wish to be conadded for the beneficial assimilation of the Fuipino. Why is it that the man who sends the telegram has to pay the tax? Because the telegraph company says so; and why was the law so made that the telegraph company could shift the burden on to the man who sends the telegram? Because the telegraph companies have more influence with the Republican party than all the poor Republicans who use

take the son from his mother, the husband from his wife, the father from his children and stand them up in front of an enemy's guns, but in an hour of danger this government cannot lay its hands accumulated wealth and make that wealth bear its share of the expenses. Why is it? It is because the Republican party has made money more precious than

is stronger to-day than it was then. And and it will be in the campaign until the Constitution of the United States is so income tax, so that neither one judge nor "But this is only one question. I am York for the whole world is on its knees silver has been buried so often that a change. Service is unequaled. Hundred Frankfort was to "send them some mall

with a handful of Boers will shake our financial system, where will the gold standard be if England ever attacks a standard be if England ever attacks a nation of her size and gets into a real war?

CONSPIRACY TO STEAL THE nect ourselves with every disturbance in IN A ELECTION IN KENTUCKY.

an American system? It is a lie. There is no such american system; there is no John R. McLean and the Standard Oil American system that makes us tremble every time there is trouble among the gold Company Charged, with Them, of Part in the Crime. Continuing on the currency question, Mr. Bryan asserted that in 1896 all of the lead-

TAMMANY LEADERS SUMMONED

force upon this country the present na-tional banking system. If the Republicans had advocated such a measure in 1896, he declared, Mr. McKinley would never have REPUBLICANS SPRING A BIG SENSA TION IN THE CONTEST.

After fully discussing the currency question Mr. Bryan took up the trusts, which Witnesses Classify Louisville Police he discussed at great length, insisting that with the Hoodlum Elementthe Republican party had no intention whatever of interfering with such cor-The "Tissue" Ballots. porations under any circumstances. From

FRANKFORT, Ky., Jan. 20 .- Governor Taylor, in defending the contest for the gubernatorial chair brought against him by William Goebel, has, through his atbetween that and expansion. The present policy of the administration, he asserted, tended toward imperialism, although its torneys, spread a large drag net in gathering his evidence, and it is said that befriends and supporters endeavored to show "I want trade," he said, "I want to expand our trade by peaceful means, but I evidence will be brought before the contesting boards. The Republican attorneys have decided to bring into the fight no less a factor than Tammany Hall, and have althe man who says it will pay must be prepared to figure with pencil how much confidential advisors of Richard Croker. the boy is worth. He discussed the prob-The object of bringing witnesses from New as the executive head of Tammany Hall, ment in India to snow that none of these was in league with William Goebel, the contestant in the present hearing, to carry the State for the Democratic nominee. The pines that would not apply to Cuba. When we went into the war we said that the attempt will be made by the Republicans to show that at least two of the leading as a surprise to London and is facetiously Democratic politicians of this State visited Mr. Richard Croker in behalf of William Goebel and that they secured from him, as the official head of Tammany Hall, substantial aid in carrying on the Democratic campaign. It has already been charged my friends, our promise was but the recby Governor Taylor in his counter-claim. filed with the board of contest yesterday, that Mr. Goebel, together with the chairmen of the Democratic state central and executive committees, and others, entered into a conspiracy with Richard Croker, of New York, John R. McLean, of Ohio; the Standard Oil Company and other persons and corporations, to debauch and cordoctrine of Jefferson, a government that will stand, as it did in Jackson's days, berupt the voters of the State, and for this purpose said persons and corporations contributed large sums of money with which many voters were induced or bought to reit is to be our lot to triumph, and in our triumph lay the foundation again on the main, and did remain away from the polls. Other and similar uses of funds are alleged in the counter-notice. The Republican attorneys refused absolutely to talk about the matter. Ex-Governor Bradley admitted that William Clarke had been of history, is to extinguish its light and summoned, but declined to say anything about what they expected to prove by him. the time has come when the pendulum William Clarke is recognized as the conshould swing back towards the dark ages of triumph of brute force, I pray to God fidential agent of Croker.

that the Democratic party may go down "I can't talk about him at this stage of to eternal death with the Republic rather the case," Governor Bradley said. "It will than to live when its principles are gone.' all come out at the proper time." More than this ex-Governor Bradley would not NEW YORK, Jan. 20 .- A special to the

All the morning session and most of J. Bryan when asked to confirm the recent | the interview accredited to him at Minneapolis, said: 'That interview as sent out con- Democratic attorneys to strike out certained some things that I did not say. I tain perts of the counter-claim made by the contestees. The arguments were in the interview given out the day after I re- progress when the adjournment was taken last night. Colonel Breckinridge announced opposed to imperialism. I am opposed to that the contestees did not propose to make I believe this government should at once any argument on the motion to strike out declare its purpose to give independence to evidence or on the Democratic demurrers to the counter-claim. Attorneys James and dependence has been promised to the Cubans, and I believe further that we McQuown made extended arguments in support of the motion to strike out the evidence alleging misconduct on the part destiny, just as we have protected the South American and Central American of Democratic election officials. At the conclusion of the arguments, the chairman announced that the board would take the motion under advisement, and render a decision in the future.

the limits of a republic and the change of The Republicans put on the stand during the day, eight witnesses, of whom Colonel T. W. Bullitt, of Louisville, was the star. H. P. Rice, an election commis-National Commercial and Industrial sioner of Johnson county, was the first witness. He testified that when the ballots CHICAGO, Ill., Jan. 20.-The Illinois of that county were properly folded the State organization of the National Comstencil mark could not be seen. In ch ssmercial and Industrial League was perexamination he admitted that the ballots fected to-day. The league is a political or-

ganization in the interest of sound money Colonel Bullitt was asked, as soon as he and a protective tariff. It believes in the ity to deal wth the trusts, currency and the election. Objection was made to the other questions, indorses the administration of President McKinley, believes in question and after a heated argument bethe expansion of trade and the establishment by Congress of a department of tween the attorneys the objection was sustained. At this time an adjournment It is intended by the projectors that this was taken until 7 o'clock. The witness organization will take the place of the stated that he never saw so quiet an elec-McKinley clubs, organized in 1896. It will publish a monthly magazine, commencing tion in Louisville, and he described the with February, 1900, entitled "American orderly manner in which it was carried Commerce and Industries." Consular reform will be advocated and there will be through. Referring to the presence of the a department devoted to commercial traymilitia in the armory, he had, he said, adelers. The officers of the Illinois division vised Governor Bradley to call out the are: Alanozo Wygant, president; Alexanmilitia as a preventive of possible rioting, der H. Revell, first vice president; Hop. George E. Adams, second vice president; but had urged him to take every precau-Melville E. Stone, third vice president; tion to see that the soldiers were not used William J. Chalmers, fourth vice president: Elbridge C. Keith, treasurer; F. P. for any partisan purpose. The presence of the military in the armory, he said, was the only thing that could have insured a May Run for Presidency Some Day. quiet election. On cross-examination he said that he had never known greater anx-SIOUX CITY, Ia., Jan. 20 .- A Des Moines iety at an election in Louisville, and de clared that the proclamation of the mayor special to the Journal says: "The friends of Louisville was the chief cause of the great apprehension. Being asked if he did of Governor Shaw are generally, of the opinion that he should not consider seriousnot believe the presence of the military had intimidated voters, he replied that it had with the vice presidency. It is reported upon | awed none but the lawless elements of both in either the Democratic or the Republican sidered in this connection, and that he parties who would have created trouble could not think of accepting such a nomibut the vicious elements of both parties nation. The friends of Governor Shaw are | who would have participated trouble, and looking farther ahead, and they have larger it was these whom the military held in ideas and greater ambitions for his future subjection by the mere knowledge of their than any second-rate position in this counpresence. If there had been trouble with the lawless element he declared it to be his opinion that the police of the city of Louisville would have led that element. J. P. Patrick, of Magoffin county; James DETROIT, Jan. 20 .- Governor Pingree an-Sowards, of Pike county; John Jarvis, of nounced to-day that if D. M. Ferry, of De-Knox county; E. C. Ferguson and William Dingus, of Floyd county, all gave evidence troit, is nominated for Governor by the upon the tissue ballots, Patrick declaring next Republican state convention he will be

forms he has been working for the past through when the ballot was properly E. L. McDonald, of Louisville, testified in much the same strain as Colonel Bullitt regarding the feeling in Louisville on the morning of the election and the effect of the presence of the militia in the armory, An adjournment was taken until 2 p. m. on Monday.

that the ballots were so thin he could see

right through them. The others declared

that while thin ballots were used in their

respective counties, they could not be seen

Mr. Clark Denies It.

FRANKFORT, Ky., Jan. 20 .- Mr. Clark, who has arrived in Frankfort, said to-night that there was no truth in the report that he was the confidential man of Mr. Croker. "I've been getting that story about being whom he murdered before committing sui- in with Croker," he said, "but there's nothing to it, nothing to it. Me? Me? The confidential man of Croker? I only wish I was. Why, Mr. Croker is in Europe and The Florida Limited, Queen & Crescent I'm a New York newspaper man. Pressed for journalistic particulars, Mr. Clark named a New York evening paper for which, he declared, his sole object in

"Yes," he admitted, "they sprung a sub-

Washington and Pennsylvania Streets.



### HANAN'S SHOES AT RE-DUCED PRICES.

Every pair of Hanan's Fine Winter Tan, Box Calf and Enamel Leather Shoes, made on the very latest last, with double exten-sion soles, that sold at \$5.50 and \$6.00, for

**第4.25** 

Special prices in Boys' Winter Shoes this . . . week . . .

Saks & Company NDIANA'S LARGEST MEN'S

AND BOYS' OUTFITTERS.

poena on me when I got here, but I con-vinced them I did not know anything about

### TO FIGHT BOERS.

Tammany Hall, and they withdrew it.'

(CONCLUDED FROM FIRST PAGE.) 1874. In 1877 he represented her as special commissioner in Constantinople, and so well did she think of his ability in the very difficult role he had to play in keeping the fingers of the Turkish government off the money she had sent to relieve the distressed peasants that shortly after his return from Turkey they were engaged to be married, and the wedding took place in 1881. Mr. Burdett-Coutts assumed the surfore the contest is ended some sensational name of his wife in addition to his own patronymic, and in 1885 was elected member of Parliament for the borough of Westminster. He is a stanch Conservative and a hard worker for his party. His eldest brother, Sir Ellis Ashmead-Bartlett, is member of Parliament for Sheffield, and ready summoned as a witness one of the his popularity as a politician in 1885-86 was second only to that of Lord Randolph Cnurchill and gained for him the position of civil lord of the Admiralty. Of recent York will be to prove that Richard Croker, | years Sir Ellis has advocated the cause of the Swazis with such success that that tribe has bestowed upon him the compli-mentary title of "Silomo."

FLIGHT OF THE KIPLINGS. The news that Mr. Rudyard Kipling and his family were going to South Africa came attributed to the fact that they have been driven out of England by the ceaseless recitations of his "Absent-Minded Beggar." A representative of the Associated Press learns that the real reason which has prompted Mr. Kipling to go abroad is his desire to be "in at the death." He is especially desirous of meeting Cecil Rhodes, with whom he is on terms of close friendship, immediately after the relief of Kimberley. Moreover Kipling will use his trip in gathering good literary material. But he will not risk his safety, as he intends to remain at Cape Town until the conditions at the front assume a pacific aspect. Since Ranjitsinhii, the well-known Indian cricketer, exemplified Mr. Kipling's popular story, "The Man Who Was," when at a dinner this week at Cambridge, expressing regret at the fact that his countrymen were not allowed to fight in South Africa, he added: "When Russia comes blundering at the door of India the world will see what Indian cavalry can do. Another distinguished Oriental has been

it is none other than the Chinese minister, who, when visiting the Manchester Exchange, called for cheers for the Queen The mayor notified her Majesty of the occurrence, and she replied that she had heard of it with much gratification. Incidentally it is rumored that the minister will be recalled on this account, but to succeed Li Hung Chang as minister of commerce, a change that would be warmly greeted in England, though Chih Chen Lo Fengluh's departure would be regretted. The Duke of York has placed himself at the disposition of the Admiralty and will probably receive a command. But though he intimates that he was desirious of duty with the Cape squadron, he will not attain his desire for the same reasons which prevented the Duke of Connaught from going to the front. No one will be more anxious to go out than the Duke of Cambridge. Realizing, however, that this was utterly impossible he has consoled himself by making life miserable for the high War Office officials. He is continually appearing with some new suggestion and is generally being turned over to Gen. Sir Evelyn Wood, adjutant general to the forces, who is very deaf. So firmly is the Duke of Cambridge convinced that his advice is essential to the country's existence that he will not take his annual winter trip to the continent.

WILL WED MISS WEST.

stirring up British patriotism. In this case

The young Duke of Westminster is commarry Miss West, youngest daughter of return to South Africa almost immediate-Imperial Yeomanry. The future duchess is a sister of Lieutenant Cornwallis West, whose name has so often been connected with Lady Randolph Churchill's. The greater part of the late duke's racing and breeding stud will be sold at auction March 8. Orme and Ben d'Or will not be sold, but Flying Fox will only be saved from the hammer by a stiff reserve price, which, according to general opinion, must be very a Democratic conspiracy in Louisville on | Maple are both reported to be candidates | is allowed there. At the dockyard all the for the possession of this famous horse and fast and furious bidding is anticipated. The death of Lady Alice Montagu, sister of the Duke of Manchester, resulted in many more families going into mourning. The loss of Ladies Salisbury and Ridley and the illness of Lady Lansdowne bids fair to make the forthcoming session of Parliament one of the dullest in history from a social point of view. The War Office is coming in for considerable criticism for refusing to accept at Atlin

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### SCHOOLBOOKS AND SUPPLIES

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offers of private houses for the reception of the wounded from South Africa. This patriotic movement has been snubbe by the curt reply that the wounded would be retained in the hospitals until they were able to dispense with nursing. On the other hand, the army surgeons employment of the Roentgen rays in field surgery has proved most successful and has met with the highest commendation. Orders have been received for a fresh equipment and skilled operators and before February it is likely that every column at the front will be furnished with a Roentgen ray

Another electrical advance is that wireless telegraphy is rapidly gaining ground. Marconi outfits are being installed on three vessels destined for active service. The southern coast towns are patiently awaiting the visit of the American fleet. During the recent visit to Weymouth of the United States naval attache, Lieutenant Commander Colwell, to test the wireless steering devices, the mayor of that place upon him and American officer that about £200 subscribed by the town lay in the bank awaiting the Americans' arrival and that he, the mayor, had personally subscribed

another £250 with the view of entertaining the visiting officers and men. Prince Francis of Teck has gone to the FLURRY AT ESQUIMALT.

Cipher Message Causes Excitement in British Naval Circles.

VICTORIA, B. C., Jan. 20.-There was considerable excitement at Esquimalt today occasioned by the receipt of a cipher message by Captain Fagen, who, now that the admiral is cruising in southern waters. is in charge of the station. This message ing home from South Africa. He will is said to have come from the consul at San Francisco. What it contained Captain William Cornwallis West. The duke will Fagen, of course, is not willing to divulge, but that he considered the message of great ly after his marriage as an officer of the importance is shown by what transpired after its receipt. On deciphering the message he at once summoned by signals the commanders of other warships now in port and they were closeted with him on the Leander for some time. After the conference orders were sent to the torpedo boat destroyer Virago, ordering her to prepare at once for a cruise. Shortly afterward the vessel steamed out and down the straits on patrol duty. At the fortifications extra precautions were taken. The guard was doubled and all the guns were manned. high indeed to prevent him changing Extra sentries have been on duty at the guns are in readiness and a big gun covering the yard is manned night and day,

# Concession to Americans.

VICTORIA, B. C., Jan. 20 .- The provincial government has declared its purpose of so amending its alien exclusion law as to hereafter permit Americans to hold claims purchased from Canadian locaters. Such a concession quite satisfies the Americans



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